

Metal Industries Collective Bargaining Summit

LESSONS FROM DINOKENG

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24 May 2023

CONTENT

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Key global macro issues
- 3. South Africa macro issues
- 4. Dinokeng scenarios
- 5. Strategic way forward



Key Global Macro Issues

- 1. COVID-19
- Ukraine war
- 3. Extreme market volatility, unpredictability
- 4. Supply chain turmoil
- 5. Disruptors
 - Renewables
 - Digital revolution
 - Decarbonisation
- 6. Global inflation, recession risks
- 7. Water and food security
- 8. Inequality

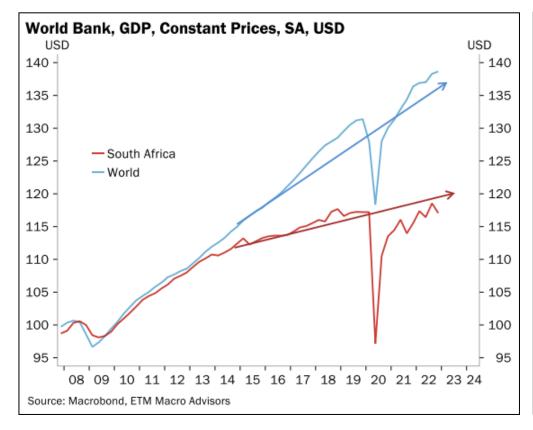








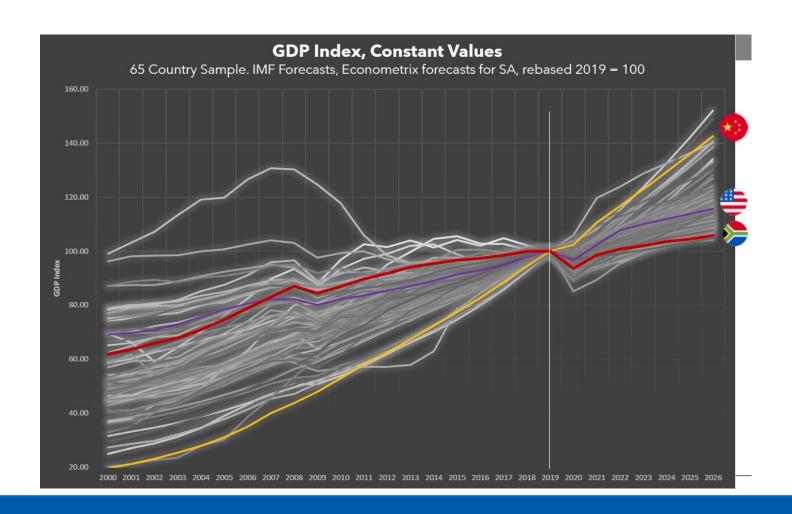
SA MACRO MATTERS



IMF Forecasts (%)	2000	
	2023	2024
India	5,9 (6,1)	6,3
China	5,2 (5,2)	4,5
ASEAN	4,5 (5,3)	4,6
Emerging Economies	3,9 (4,0)	4,2
Egypt	3,7	5,0
Sub-saharan Africa	3,6 (3,8)	4,2
Nigeria	3,2 (3,2)	3,0
World	2,8 (2,9)	3,0
Turkey	2,7	3,6
Mexico	1,8 (1,7)	1,6
US	1,6 (1,4)	1,1
Japan	1,3 (1,8)	1,0
Advanced Economies	1,3 (1,2)	1,4
Columbia	1,0	1,9
Brazil	0,9 (1,2)	1,5
Eurozone	0,8 (0,7)	1,4
Russia	0,7 (0,3)	1,3
Argentina	0,2	2,0
South Africa	0,1 (1,2)	1,8
United Kingdom	-0,3 (-0,6)	1,0
Chile	-1,0	1,9

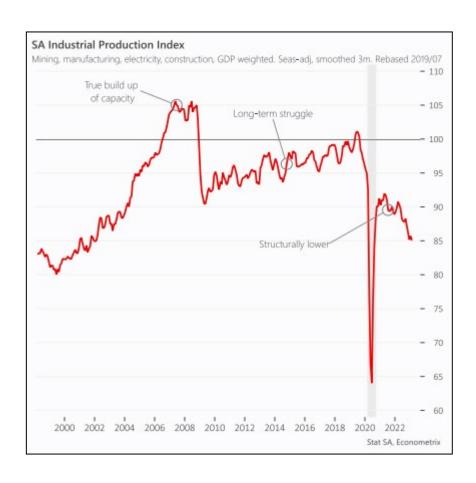


GDP TRACKING – 65 COUNTRIES





DE-INDUSTRIALISATION OF THE SA ECONOMY





SOCIAL CRISIS



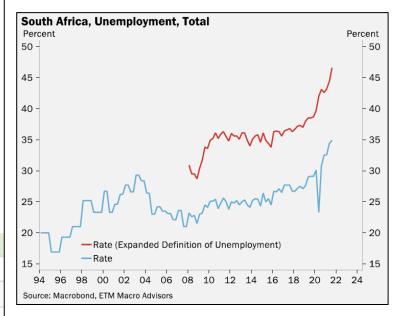
WORLD ECONOMIC FORUM

Uncertainty Clouds the Surface

Across many countries, the pandemic has made entrenched labor trends worse. It has also altered job market conditions.

South Africa is projected to see the highest jobless rate globally. As the most industrialized nation on the continent, unemployment is estimated to hit 35.6% in 2023. Together, slow economic growth and stringent labor laws have prevented firms from hiring workers. Over the last two decades, unemployment has hovered around 20%.

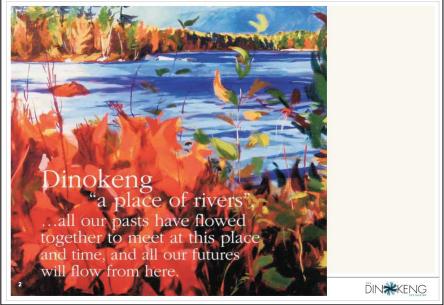
Country / Region	2023 Unemployment Rate(Projected)	
South Africa	35.6%	
Sudan	30.6%	
West Bank and Gaza	25.0%	
# Georgia	19.5%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	17.2%	





DINOKENG SCENARIOS – DONE IN 2009







WHERE TO FROM HERE?

2009

How can we address our critical challenges before they become time bombs that destroy our achievements?

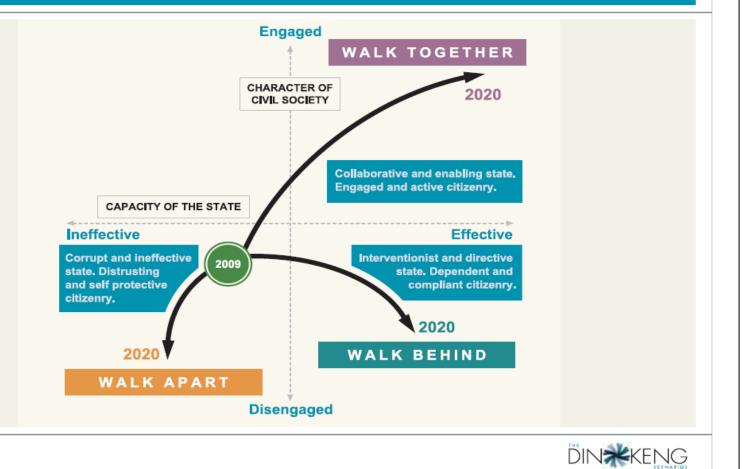
This question can be answered in three possible paths.





THE COMPARATIVE PATHS OF THE THREE SCENARIOS

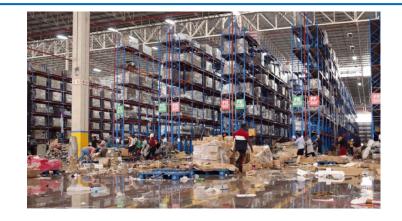
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2021







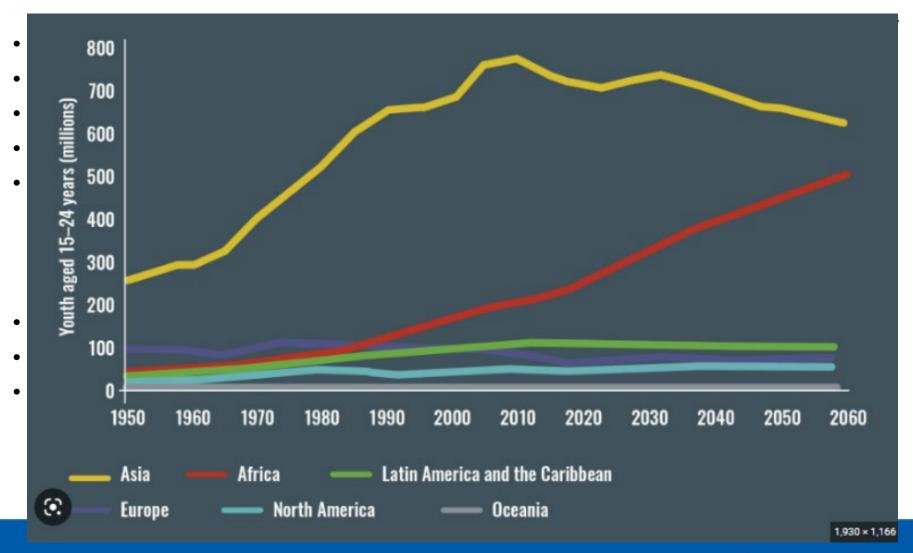


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STRATEGIC WAY FORWARD

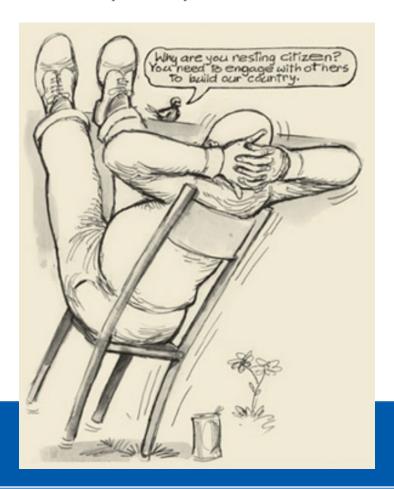
STRATEGIC WAY FORWARD





CLOSING COMMENTS

What can each one of us do – in our homes, communities and workplaces – to help build a future that lives up to the promise of 1994?





ACTOM

THANK YOU